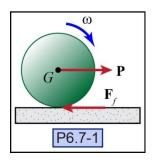
**P6.7-1)** Consider the 5-kg disk shown rolling to the right under the influence of a pulling force (P = 10 N). Typically when a wheel is rolling on a dry surface without being driven by an external torque, we can neglect slip at the contact surface and the friction force  $\mathbf{F}_f$  will resist the disk's motion. Using this fact, estimate the angular acceleration  $\alpha$  of the disk as well as the acceleration of its mass center  $\mathbf{a}_G$ . Assume that the coefficients of friction are  $\mu_s = 0.45$  and  $\mu_k = 0.35$  and that the wheel has a radius of 1.0 m. Verify that the disk does not slip relative to the ground.

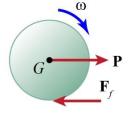


<u>Given:</u>

Find:

Solution:

Free-body diagram



## Mass Moment of Inertia

What reference point will be used?

## Equation of Motion.

Assuming no slip derive the two equations of motion, in <u>variable form</u>, for the disk using Newton's second law and Euler's second law. Then, solve for the static friction force and accelerations.

Newton's Second Law

I = \_\_\_\_\_

Euler's Second Law

## **Check Assumption**

Check to see if the no slip assumption is correct.

 $F_{fs,max} =$ 

Is the no slip assumption accurate?

No Yes

Eq.M: \_\_\_\_\_

*F*<sub>fs</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_

α = \_\_\_\_\_

 $a_G = 1.33 \text{ m/s}^2$